

# smb(3)status Status of SMB(3) in Samba

#### Michael Adam

SerNet / Samba Team

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#### Report on work by several people



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- SMB Recap
- Leases
- Multi-Channel
- RDMA/SMB direct
- Clustering



## SMB Protocol in Microsoft Windows

- ▶ 1.0: up to Windows XP / Server 2003
- 2.0: Windows Vista / Server 2008 [2006/2008]
  - handle based operations
  - durable file handles
- 2.1: Windows 7 / Server 2008R2 [2009]
  - leases
  - multi-credit / Large MTU
  - dynamic reauthentication
  - resilient file handles
- ▶ 3.0: Windows 8 / Server 2012 [2012]
- ▶ 3.02: Windows 8.1 / Server 2012R2 [2013]
- ▶ 3.1: coming...

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# SMB Protocol in Samba

► Samba < 3.5:

SMB 1

Samba 3.5:

experimental incomplete support for SMB 2.0

- Samba 3.6:
  - official support for SMB 2.0
  - missing: durable handles
  - default server max proto: SMB 1
- Samba 4.0:

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- SMB 2.0: complete with durable handles
- SMB 2.1: basis, multi-credit, dynamic reauthentication
- ► SMB 3.0: basis, crypto, secure negotiation, durable v2

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default server max proto: SMB 3.0



# Leases (SMB 2.1)



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Leases are work in progress, but can be considered almost done. Code already survives most test cases. Still need to fix a few corner cases... <sup>(2)</sup> Still hope to get Leases with 4.2?!...

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#### Leases - Status

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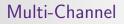
- ► Samba had oplocks (SMB1/SMB2) since a long time.
- Oplocks per FSA level file handle.
- ▶ No need to keep extra information on SMB2 level.
- Leases identified by LeaseKey + ClientGUID.
- Can be shared by multiple opens.
- $\blacktriangleright$   $\Rightarrow$  Changes to open\_files.idl
- SMB2 extra: LeaseKey generated by client, based on UNC path.

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- LeaseKey can not be attached to multiple UNCs.
- $\blacktriangleright$   $\Rightarrow$  Need to maintain additional SMB-level Data.

- Samba has "magic" shares ("homes" share, variable paths):
  - Same //server/share
  - different directory/file on disk!
  - $\blacktriangleright \Rightarrow$  Client may "think" to access the same file
  - $\blacktriangleright$   $\Rightarrow$  Need to break leases and disallow simultaneouse leases.





### Multi-Channel



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- find interfaces with interface discovery: FSCTL\_QUERY\_NETWORK\_INTERFACE\_INFO
- bind additional TCP (or RDMA) connection to established SMB3 session (session bind)
- bind only to a single node

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 Client decides which connections to bind, which channels to use (fastest).

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replay / retry mechanisms, epoch numbers

## Multi-Channel - Samba - Thoughts

- Samba/smbd: multi-process
- currently: process  $\Leftrightarrow$  TCP connection
- idea: transfer new connection to existing smbd
  - $\blacktriangleright$   $\Rightarrow$  no need to coordinate between processes on unix file level
- use fd-passing (sendmsg/recvmsg) on TCP socket fd
- idea: don't transfer connection in session bind, but already in NEGPROT based on the ClientGUID
  - less state to coordinate

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- ➤ ⇒ essentially single process model per ClientGUID even if multi-channel is not used
- rely on good async infrastructure for I/O (pthread-pool, ...)

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- only affects clients who send a Client GUID (SMB  $\geq$  2.1)
- possibly make this tunable-off(?)

### Multi-Channel - Samba - Status -

- preparation: rewrite messaging using unix dgm sockets with sendmsg/recvmsg [DONE]
- add fd-passing [ess.DONE]

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transfer connection in NEGPROT (based on ClientGUID) [ess.DONE]

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- implement session bind [ess.DONE]
- change smbd behaviour upon client disconnect (don't always exit!) [WIP]
- implement channel epoch numbers [WIP]
- implement interface discovery [WIP]

#### Multi-Channel - Samba - Details-

- Samba 4.0 / durable handles: introduced smbXsrv\_ structures
  - smbXsrv\_connection in smbd represents client
    - ▶ smbd\_server\_connection (FSA link)  $\leftrightarrow$  smbXsrv\_connection
    - session\_table
    - tcon\_table
    - open\_table
- master/wip/multi-channel:
  - smbXsrv\_client represents client in smbd:
    - server\_id
    - ▶  $smbd\_server\_connection (FSA link) \leftrightarrow smbXsrv\_client$
    - client\_guid
    - session\_table
    - tcon\_table
    - open\_table

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connections

#### Multi-Channel - Samba - Details-

▶ 4.0:

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- smbXsrv\_session
  - smbXsrv\_connection
  - channels (just one)
- smbXsrv\_channel
  - server\_id
  - signing\_key
- master/wip/multi-channel:
  - smbXsrv\_session
    - smbXsrv\_client
    - channels (multiple)
  - smbXsrv\_channel

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- server\_id
- signing\_key
- smbXsrv\_connection

- Testing with Windows: need interface discovery (WIP)
- unit testing smbtorture: multi channel tests exist
- selftest: socket\_wrapper
  - socket\_wrapper externalized: cwrap, the wrapper project
  - http://cwrap.org
  - WIP: teach socket\_wrapper fd-passing

- ▶ Opportunity to do durable handles *cross-protocol*! (SMB ≥ 2.1)
  - Keep file open in smbd after client has been disconnected.
  - Reconnecting client's connection is passed to the original smbd.

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Prerequisite for work on SMB Direct (RDMA)





# RDMA / SMB Direct



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# SMB Direct (RDMA)

- windows:
  - requires multi-channel
  - start with TCP, bind an RDMA channel
  - reads and writes use RDMB write/read
  - protocol/metadata via send/receive
- wireshark dissector: [DONE]
- samba (TODO):

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- prereq: multi-channel / fd-passing
- buffer / transport abstractions [TODO]
- central daemon (or kernel module) to serve as RDMA "proxy" (libraries: not fork safe and no fd-passing)

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# SMB Direct (RDMA) - Plan

#### smbd-d (rdma proxy daemon)

- listens on unix domain socket (/var/lib/smbd-d/socket)
- listens for RDMA connection (as told by main smbd)
- main smbd:
  - listens for TCP connections
  - connects to smbd-d-socket
    - request rdma-interfaces, tell smbd-d on which to listen
  - "accepts" new smb-direct connections on smdb-d-socket

# SMB Direct (RDMA) - Plan

- client
  - connects via TCP  $\rightarrow$  smbd forks child smbd (c)
  - connects via RDMA to smbd-d
- smbd-d
  - creates socket-pair as rdma-proxy-channel
  - passes one end of socket-pair to main smbd for accept
  - sends smb direct packages over proxy-channel
- main smbd

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upon receiving NegProt: pass proxy-socket to c based on ClientGUID

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- ► C
- continues proxy-communication with smdb-d
- For rdma\_read and rdma\_write:
  - c and smbd-d establish shared memory area



# Clustering



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# Clustering Concepts (Windows)

- Cluster:
  - ("traditional") failover cluster (active-passive)
  - protocol: SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER
  - Windows:
    - runs off a cluster (failover) volume
    - offers the Witness service
- Scale-Out (SOFS):

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- scale-out cluster (all-active!)
- protocol: SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_SCALEOUT
- no client caching
- Windows: runs off a cluster shared volume (implies cluster)
- Continuous Availability (CA):
  - transparent failover, persistent handles
  - protocol: SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CONTINUOUS\_AVAILABILITY
  - can independently turned on on any cluster share (failover or scale-out)
  - ► ⇒ changed client retry behaviour!

Clustering – Controlling Flags from Windows

- a share on a cluster carries
  - SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER  $\Leftrightarrow$  the shared FS is a cluster volume.

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- a share on a cluster carries
  - ▶ SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_SCALEOUT  $\Leftrightarrow$  the shared FS is a CSV
    - implies SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER
- independently settable on a clustered share:
  - SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CONTINUOUS\_AVAILABILITY
    - implies SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER

#### ► SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER:

- run witness service (RPC)
- client can register and get notified about resource changes
- SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_SCALEOUT:
  - do not grant batch oplocks, write leases, handle leases
  - ightarrow ightarrow no durable handles unless also CA
- SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CONTINUOUS\_AVAILABILITY:
  - offer persistent handles
  - timeout from durable v2 request

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# Clustering – Client Behaviour (Win8)

- ► SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER:
  - clients happily work if witness is not available
- ► SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_SCALEOUT:
  - clients happily connect if CLUSTER is not set.
  - clients DO request oplocks/leases/durable handles
  - clients are not confused if they get these
- SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CONTINUOUS\_AVAILABILITY:
  - clients happily connect if CLUSTER is not set.
  - clients typically request persistent handle with RWH lease
- Note:

Win8 sends SMB2\_FLAGS\_REPLAY\_OPERATION in writes and reads (from 2nd in a row)

 $\Leftrightarrow$ 

The server announces SMB2\_CAP\_PERSISTENT\_HANDLES.

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# Clustering - Client Behaviour (Win8) Retries

- Test: Win8 against slightly pimped Samba (2 IPs)
- $\blacktriangleright$   $\Rightarrow$  essentially two different retry characteristics: CA  $\leftrightarrow$  non-CA
- non-CA-case
  - 3 consecutive attempt rounds:
    - for each of the two IPs: arp IP three tcp syn attempts to IP with 0.5 sec breaks
  - ▶  $\Rightarrow$  some 2.1 seconds for 1 round
  - between attempts:
  - dns, ping, arp ... 5.8 seconds
  - $\Rightarrow$  18 seconds

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- CA-Case
  - retries attempt rounds from above for 14 minutes

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# Clustering with Samba/CTDB

- all-active SMB-cluster with Samba and CTDB...
   ...since 2007! ©
- transparent for the client
  - CTDB:
    - metadata and messaging engine for Samba in a cluster
    - plus cluster resource manager (IPs, services...)
  - client only sees one "big" SMB server
  - we could not change the client!...
  - works "well enough"
- challenge:

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- how to integrate SMB3 clustering with Samba/CTDB
- good: rather orthogonal
- ctdb-clustering transparent mostly due to management

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## Custering - Witness

- Service Witness Protocol: an RPC service
  - monitoring of availability of resources (shares, NICs)
  - server asks client to move to another resource
- remember:
  - $\blacktriangleright$  available on a Windows SMB3 share  $\Leftrightarrow$  SMB2\_SHARE\_CAP\_CLUSTER
  - but clients happily connect w/o witness
- status in Samba [WIP]:

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- async RPC: [WIP] good progress ( $\Rightarrow$  Metze's talk)
- wireshark dissector: [ess.DONE]
- client: in rpcclient [DONE]
- server: dummy PoC / tracer bullet implementation [DONE]

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CTDB: changes / integration needed [TODO]



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#### Questions?

Michael Adam ma@sernet.de / obnox@samba.org

 $\rightarrow$  SerNet sponsor booth



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